

WAR TIME CARROT COOKIES



Carrots were an important vegetable during World War II. Packed with vitamins and minerals, naturally sweet, and easy to grow in the garden; they replaced much of the sugar in many British war time recipes.

This recipe for War Time Carrot Cookies is a winner, and perfect for celebrating VE day. You could also try substituting the vanilla extract for almond or orange flavouring, or some orange zest.



Skills Check: Follow a recipe; follow food safety and hygiene rules; tidy away; use a timer; cream fat and sugar; scrape out a bowl with a spatula; use measuring spoons and cups; use a vegetable peeler safely; use a box grater safely; use the oven (with adult supervision).

Equipment: Baking tray, Greaseproof paper, Measuring spoons, Mixing bowl, Wooden spoon, Box Grater, Tablespoon.

Allergens*: Gluten | Milk

Ingredients (makes 6 biscuits):

- 2 tbsp margarine
- 4 tbsp sugar
- Few drops of vanilla extract
- 8 tbsp grated raw carrot
- 12 tbsp self-raising flour

Method

1. Preheat the oven to 200°C/Gas Mark 7.
2. Line a baking tray with greaseproof paper.
3. Mix the margarine and sugar together until light and fluffy.
4. Beat in the vanilla extract and grated carrot.
5. Gently stir in the flour.
6. Drop spoonfuls of the mixture onto the baking tray.
7. Bake in the oven for 18-20 minutes.

**Please note the allergens listed are indicative only. Allergens vary depending on brand; check the labels on the products you use.*



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Nutrition Information



The Eatwell guide shows the proportions of the main food groups that form a healthy, balanced diet:

- Eat at least 5 portions of a variety of fruit and vegetables every day
- Base meals on potatoes, bread, rice, pasta or other starchy carbohydrates; choosing wholegrain versions where possible
- Have some dairy or dairy alternatives; choosing lower fat and lower sugar options
- Eat some beans, pulses, fish, eggs, meat and other proteins (including 2 portions of fish every week, one of which should be oily)
- Choose unsaturated oils and spreads and eat in small amounts
- Drink 6-8 cups/glasses of fluid a day

Energy, sugar, fat and salt per serving

Per 38g serving/biscuit

	ENERGY	537kJ / 127kcal	6%
MED	FAT	3.2g	5%
MED	SATURATES	0.7g	4%
MED	SUGARS	8.3g	9%
LOW	SALT	0.11g	2%

% of an adult's reference intake

Typical values per 100g : Energy 1413kJ / 335kcal

So, thinking about Carrot Cookies ...

Carrots are really, really good for us. Their orange colour is due to their carotenoid content (beta carotene/Vitamin A), which is thought to help protect against heart disease - so the brighter the orange of your carrot the better it is for your health! Carrots are also a good source fibre and other minerals.



Biscuits/Cookies tend to be high in fat and sugar, although some types are worse than others. The Eatwell Guide says that if you are consuming food and drinks high in fat, salt and sugar we should have these less often and in small amounts.

Notes

A **traffic light system** is used on nutrition labels to make it easier to see which foods and drinks are lower in calories, fat, sugar and salt. Try and choose more 'greens' and 'ambers' and fewer 'reds', and stick to smaller portions of 'reds'.

Just because a recipe or a food has a red traffic light doesn't mean you shouldn't eat it. Understanding why a food or recipe might have a red light can be helpful. For example oily fish is high in total fat and so any recipe containing oily fish is likely to be 'red' for fat. But it is recommended that we eat oily fish at least once a week because the type of fat it contains is beneficial for our health.

% Reference Intakes are also shown. Reference Intakes are guidelines about the approximate amount of particular nutrients and energy required for a healthy diet (based on an average-sized woman doing an average amount of physical activity). Most children will require less than these Reference Intakes. The contribution of one serving of a food or drink to the Reference Intake for each nutrient is expressed as a percentage.